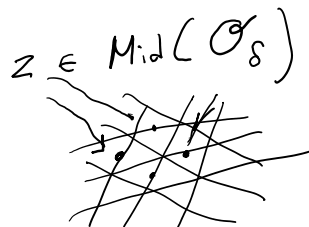


$\delta \rightarrow \underline{\underline{F_\delta(z)}}$
well defined

$z \in \mathcal{O}$

$$F_\delta(z) = F_a(z) + j F_b(z) - j^2 F_c(z)$$



Wish :

$$F_\delta(z) \xrightarrow{\delta \rightarrow 0} F(z) ; \quad ??$$

Th. $\lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \underline{\underline{F_\delta}}$ - exists.

When a family of fn. is compact?

Arzela th.

①. Uniformly bdd.

②. Equicontinuous.

$f_\alpha \in \mathcal{F}$ - family of fn.

f - cont : $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta(\epsilon) \text{ s.t. that} \\ \text{if } |y-x| < \delta \implies |f(y) - f(x)| < \epsilon \end{array} \right\}$

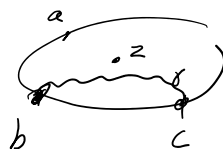
\mathcal{F} - equicontinuous

$\iff \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta(\epsilon) \forall \alpha \end{array} \right\}$

$\mathcal{F}^\delta(z)$ - compact, $\delta \rightarrow 0$

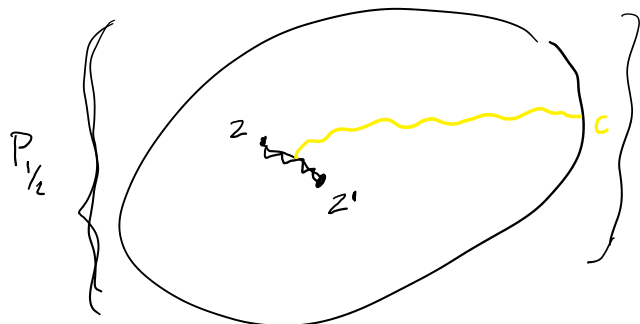
$F^\delta(z)$ - compactness in δ $\delta \rightarrow 0$

$$F_a^\delta(z) = \mathbb{P}_{r_{1/2}} \left(\gamma: b \leftrightarrow c; \gamma \text{ goes below } z \right)$$



$$\left| \underline{\underline{F_a^\delta(z)}} - \underline{\underline{F_a^\delta(z')}} \right| \leq$$

$$\leq \mathbb{P}_{1/2} \left(\gamma: a \leftrightarrow b; \gamma \text{ separates } z \text{ and } z' \right)$$

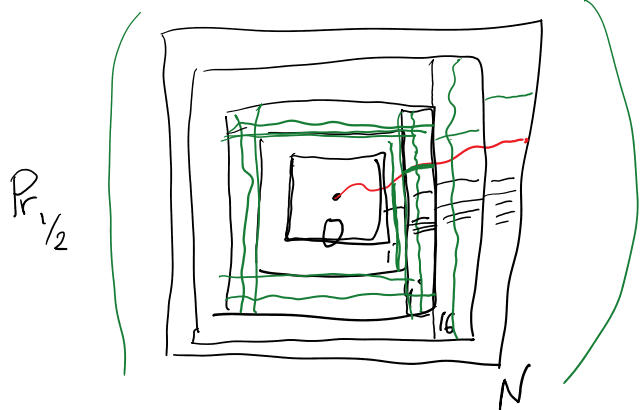


$\rightarrow 0$

as $|z - z'| \rightarrow 0$ (uniformly in δ)

Reminder

$p = 1/2$

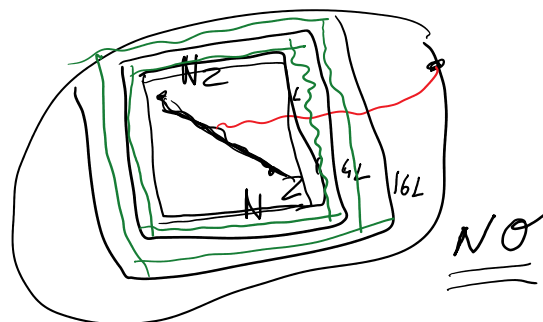


$$\leq (c) \frac{\log_4 N}{N^{-\beta}} = \underline{\underline{N^{-\beta}}}$$



\rightarrow

$\mathbb{P}_{1/2}$



$$\leq c \log_4 N - \log_4 \underline{\underline{|z-z'|^N}} = |z-z'|^\beta \quad \square$$